Safety Data Sheet – Gorilla Kitchen and Bath - White (100% Silicone)

Date Revised: NEW
Date Issued: 9/25/2025

Version 1.0

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY
DURING BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 966-3458 | OUTSIDE BUSINESS HOURS: (800) 420-7186

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations and according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Gorilla Kitchen and Bath – White (100% Silicone)

Intended Use of the Product

Sealant

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

The Gorilla Glue Company
2101 E. Kemper Road
Cincinnati, Ohio 45241
513-271-3300
www.gorillatough.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-420-7186 (Prosar)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Toxic to aquatic life H401

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA) : None

Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : None

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H401: Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA) : P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P273: Avoid release to the environment
P501: Dispose of contents/container to waste disposal

Other Hazards

No data available.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% *
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle	64742-46-7	5 – 10
Triacetoxy ethylsilane	17689-77-9	<3.0
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<2.0
4,5- Dichloro-2-n-octyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	64359-51-5	0.025 – 0.05

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

Titanium dioxide: This component does not impact the product's hazard classification. Due to the product's physical properties, particulate inhalation exposure is not possible.

Substances listed in the Subsections "HAPS" and "California Proposition 65 Carcinogens / Reproductive Toxins" that are not listed in this section are only present at quantities below 0.1% for California Proposition 65 listed toxins or below 1% for non-carcinogenic HAPS or they are inextricably bound in the product. Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition may have been withheld as a trade secret.

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57) in amounts above ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

None Anticipated

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: None known

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Nitrogen oxides. Silicon oxides. Hydrocarbons. Acetic acid. Irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

HAZWOPER PPE Level: C

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Take up large spills with pump or vacuum. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect from moisture. Store locked up.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Alcohols. Alkalis. Peroxides. Amines.

Specific End Use(s)

Sealant

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³

USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	15 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	37 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	43 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	25 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	25 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Avoid release to the environment.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	:	Paste
Appearance	:	White
Odor	:	Acetic acid
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
pH	:	Not available
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	Not available
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	Not available
Flash Point	:	108 °C (226 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	1.0 g/cm³ at 23 °C (73 °F), at 1013 hPa
Specific Gravity	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	> 1000000 mPa.s at 23 °C (73 °F)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions. High temperatures, water, oxidizers, and acids may cause a hazardous reaction. Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. Refer to incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Water. Alcohols. Alkalis. Peroxides. Amines.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Acetic acid by hydrolysis. Measurements have shown the formation of small amounts of formaldehyde at temperatures above about 150 °C (302 °F) through oxidation.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity:

Exposure routes	Result/Effect
Oral	LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Species: Rat, Source: Conclusion by analogy
dermal	LD50 > 2009 mg/kg Species: Rabbit, Source: Conclusion by analogy

Data on substances:

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated middle:

Exposure routes	Result/Effect
Oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Species: Rat, Method: OECD 401, Source: literature
dermal	LD50 > 3160 mg/kg Species: Rabbit, Method: OECD 402, Source: literature
by inhalation (aerosol)	LC50 > 5.266 mg/l; 4 h Species: Rat, Method: OECD 403, Source: literature

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product details:

Result/effect	Species/Test System	Source
LC50: > 10 - <100 mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) (96 h)	Expert judgement
EC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l	Eastern oyster (Crassostrea virginica) (48 h)	Expert judgement
ErC50: > 1 - < 10 mg/l	Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom) (24 h)	Expert judgement
NOEC (Growth rate): > 1 mg/l	Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom) (24 h)	Expert judgement
NOEC (early life stage test): > 1 mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	Expert judgement
NOEC (reproduction rate): > 1 mg/l	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	Expert judgement

Persistence and Degradability

Gorilla Kitchen and Bath - White - 100% Silicone Sealant

Persistence and Degradability	Polymer component: biologically not degradable. Elimination by adsorption to activated sludge.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Gorilla Kitchen and Bath - White - 100% Silicone Sealant	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport
In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Gorilla Kitchen and Bath - White - 100% Silicone Sealant	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	No SARA hazards
TSCA inventory status and TSCA information	This material or its components are listed on or are in compliance with the requirements of the TSCA chemical substance inventory
TSCA 12(b) Export Notification	This material does not contain reportable amounts of any TSCA 12(b) listed chemicals.
SARA 302 EHS Chemicals	This material does not contain any SARA extremely hazardous substances.
HAPS (Hazardous Air Pollutants)	This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

CERCLA Regulated Chemicals

CAS-No.	Chemical	Upper limit wt. %
1345-16-0	Cobalt aluminumoxide spinels	1.585
68186-90-3	C.I. Pigment Brown 24	2.755
8007-18-9	C.I. Pigment Yellow 53	1.089

SARA 313 Chemicals:

CAS-No.	Chemical	Upper limit wt. %
1345-16-0	Cobalt aluminumoxide spinels	1.585
68186-90-3	C.I. Pigment Brown 24	2.755
8007-18-9	C.I. Pigment Yellow 53	1.089

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens:

1317-80-2 Rutile Titanium Dioxide

This material does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause reproductive effects.

Massachusetts Substance List:

1309-37-1	Iron oxide
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed
1332-58-7	Kaolin
1333-86-4	Carbon black
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
12001-26-2	Mica
7727-43-7	Barium sulfate
1314-23-4	Zirconium dioxide

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substance List:

1309-37-1	Iron oxide
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed
1332-58-7	Kaolin
1333-86-4	Carbon black
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
1317-80-2	Rutile Titanium Dioxide
12001-26-2	Mica
7727-43-7	Barium sulfate

Details of international registration status

Relevant information about individual substance inventories, where available, is given below.

Australia	**AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals):** This product is listed in, or complies with, the substance inventory.
China	**IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China):** This product is listed in, or complies with, the substance inventory.
Philippines	**PICCS (Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances):** This product is listed in, or complies with, the substance inventory.
United States of America (USA)	**TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory):** All components of this product are listed as active or are in compliance with the substance inventory.
Taiwan	**TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory):** This product is listed in, or complies with, the substance inventory. General note: The Taiwanese chemicals regulation requires a phase 1 registration for TCSI-listed or TCSI-compliant substances if imports to Taiwan or manufacturing in Taiwan exceed the trigger quantity of 100 kg/a (for mixtures to be calculated per each ingredient). It is the duty of the importing/manufacturing legal entity to take care of this obligation.

European Economic Area (EEA)	**REACH** (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006): General note: the registration obligations for substances imported into the EEA or manufactured within the EEA by the supplier mentioned in section 1 are fulfilled by the said supplier. The registration obligations for substances imported into the EEA by customers or other downstream users must be fulfilled by the latter.
South Korea (Republic of Korea)	**AREC** (Act on Registration and Evaluation of Chemicals; "K-REACH"): Please approach your regular contact for more detailed information.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : NEW

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet was prepared by qualified personnel and to the best of our knowledge is true and accurate. The information and recommendations are furnished for this product with the understanding that the purchaser will independently determine the suitability of the product for this purpose. This data does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise, nor is it representation for which The Gorilla Glue Company assumes legal responsibility. The data is submitted for the user's information and consideration only. Any use of this product must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state, provincial and local laws and regulations.

Gorilla Glue NA GHS SDS 2015